About the Newfound Audubon Centers

The Newfound Audubon Centers; which includes Paradise Point Nature Center & Sanctuary and the Hebron Marsh Wildlife Sanctuary & Ash Cottage, are open 10 a.m. - 5 p.m. seven days a week from July 1 to September 1. Both properties are located on North Shore Road in Hebron. Educational programming is done at Paradise Point and at Ash Cottage. There is also an ASNH Nature Store at Ash Cottage.

Paradise Point Nature Center & Wildlife Sanctuary
North Shore Road, East Hebron, N.H. 03822
(603) 744-3516 (July 1-September 1) or
(603) 224-9909 (September 1-July 1)

Hebron Marsh Wildlife Sanctuary & Ash Cottage
North Shore Road, Hebron, N.H.
(603) 744-1090 (July 1-September 1) or
(603) 224-9909 (September 1-July 1)

The Audubon Society of New Hampshire is an independent statewide membership organization. It operates nature centers throughout the state that provide educational programs for children and adults. It also protects thousands of acres of wildlife habitat through its sanctuaries program and monitors many of the state's endangered species. For information, contact:

The Audubon Society of New Hampshire
3 Silk Farm Road, Concord, NH 03301
Ph (603) 224-9909, fax (603) 226-5902
www.audubon.org 
www.nhauddbon.org

Trail Guide

Paradise Point Nature Center and Wildlife Sanctuary
Hebron, New Hampshire

Paradise Point Nature Center and Wildlife Sanctuary, located on the north shore of Newfound Lake, includes 43 acres with 3,500 feet of rocky, unspoiled lakeshore.

In the early 1960s, Colonel and Mrs. Alcott Ewell gave this property to the New Hampshire Charitable Fund, who donated it to the Audubon Society of New Hampshire in 1966. Through a challenge grant from the New Hampshire Charitable Fund, contributors, and volunteers, Paradise Point Nature Center was constructed in 1969 to offer environmental education services to people of all ages.

Newfound Lake is a glacial lake that is noted for its depth, clarity, and purity. A deep river valley before the glaciers, the ice sheet scoured it deeper and then filled the valley with glacial debris. The debris dammed the water to form a very deep lake – even deeper than it is now – and presently it reaches a depth of 180 feet. Evidence of the glaciers can be seen throughout the Sanctuary.

The Sanctuary's varied habitats entice many neotropical bird migrants each spring and summer. Many warblers, thrushes, vireos, and scarlet tanagers have been found here.

The marked trails at the Sanctuary are open year-round from dawn to dusk.

Visitor Information

1. Only foot travel is permitted in the sanctuary. Swimming, camping, fires, hunting, and trapping are prohibited.
2. Please keep to the marked trails and do not collect or harm any way disturb any plants or animals in the sanctuary.
3. Please respect private property.
4. No pets are allowed in the sanctuary.
5. Please carry out all trash and litter.
6. Be prepared for country walking.

How to get to Paradise Point:

From Bristol:
Go north on Route 3A for nine miles through East Hebron. Turn left onto North Shore Road. Paradise Point sign is on left one mile, at the head of driveway.

From Plymouth:
Take Route 25 west to Route 3A south. Travel five miles south, turn right onto North Shore Road to sign one mile ahead on left.
Elwell Trail
Red markers, 3/4 mile round-trip

A relatively easy trail soon takes you to a cathedral of hemlock trees. You then descend to a small vernal pool area, where numerous species of frogs and salamanders deposit their eggs to hatch each spring. In summer, this area may be quite dry. Notice the number of deciduous trees here, such as red maple and beech. Just before you reach The Point, you'll find the giraffe tree, a yellow birch that has grown in an interesting way: Yellow birch is famous for sprouting on old logs and stumps. The Point is a rock ledge that looks out to a panoramic view of the lake and mountains beyond. Bear right to head north along the trail, looking for the red markers (just before crossing a small brook), that direct you back to the Nature Center. This section of the Elwell Trail parallels a wetland characterized by flora and fauna not found abundantly elsewhere in the sanctuary. You may even feel a change in temperature as you approach the swamp. Look for Indian pipes, mayflower, goldthread, partridgeberry, hobblebush, bunchberry, and cranberry on this section of the trail. Notice the spongy carpet of sphagnum moss among the cinnamon ferns. There are also sour gum trees (also known as tupelo or black gum) that grow only in swamps and watercourses and are not often found in the northeast.

Proceeding through this old-growth forest, you'll approach two majestic trees that are well over 100 years old—the Elwell Memorial Pines, which honor Colonel Alcott and Mrs. Helen Chaffee Elwell, donors of this property. Continue following the red markers to return to the Nature Center.